## PhD Entrance Test Syllabus for Ph.D. in Psychology

The PET (Ph.D. Entrance Test) for Ph.D. in Psychology consists of two parts:

- Part I: Research Methodology (50 marks) and
- Part II: Subject Specific (Related to Psychology for 50 marks)

### Total Marks for PhD Entrance Test: 100 Marks

# SYLLABUS

#### Subject: Research Methodology (50 Marks)

### List of Topics:

- 1. Basics of Research
- 2. Qualitative And Quantitative Research
- 3. Verification Vs. Falsification
- 4. Objectivity: Facts, Theory and Concepts
- 5. Basic Steps for Doing Research
- 6. Scientific Method Vs Arbitrary Method
- 7. Deductive and Inductive Reasoning
- 8. Error Analysis and Accuracy
- 9. Descriptive Statistics
- 10. Sampling
- 11. Random Variables & Sampling Distribution
- 12. Probability Distribution
- 13. Hypothesis Testing
- 14. Regression Analysis
- 15. Multivariate Analysis
- 16. Conceptualizing and Drafting Research Proposals
- 17. Style Manuals
- 18. Bibliography and Referencing
- 19. Research Ethics

### **References:**

- 1. Michael P. Marder, Research Methods for Science, Cambridge University Press, 2011.
- 2. C. Radhakrishna Rao, Statistics and Truth, CSIR, 1989.

3. Day RA, *How To Write and Publish a Scientific Paper*, Cambridge University Press, London, 1992.

4. Latour, B. and Woolgar., *Laboratory Life: The Construction of Scientific Facts*, 2 nd Edition, Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1986

5. Mishra, R. P. *Research Methodology: A Handbook*. New Delhi. Concept Publishing Company, 1988.

#### Subject Specific Paper Ph.D. in Psychology (50 Marks)

#### List of Topics:

- 1. Emergence of Psychology (Western & Eastern perspectives)
- 2. Research Methodology and Statistics
- 3. Psychological testing
- 4. Biological basis of behavior
- 5. Attention, Perception, Learning, Memory and Forgetting
- 6. Thinking, Intelligence and Creativity
- 7. Personality, Motivation, emotion, stress and coping
- 8. Social Psychology
- 9. Human Development and Interventions
- 10. Emerging Areas (role of Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning in Psychology)
- 11. Positive Psychology
- **12.** Health Psychology
- 13. I/O Psychology
- 14. Clinical Psychology
- 15. Counseling Psychology and Psychotherapies

#### Suggested Reading:

- 1. Baron, R. & Misra. G. (2013). Psychology. Pearson.
- 2. Chadha, N.K. & Seth, S. (2014). The Psychological Realm: An Introduction. Pinnacle Learning, New Delhi.
- 3. Ciccarelli, S. K., & Meyer, G. E. (2010). Psychology: South Asian Edition. New Delhi:Pearson Education.
- 4. Passer, M.W. & Smith, R.E. (2010). Psychology: The science of mind and behaviour. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 5. Berk, L. E. (2010). Child Development (9th Ed.). New Delhi: Prentice Hall.
- 6. Mitchell, P. and Ziegler, F. (2007). Fundamentals of development: The Psychology of Childhood. New York: Psychology Press.
- 7. Papalia, D. E., Olds, S.W. & Feldman, R.D. (2006). Human development (9th Ed.). New Delhi: McGraw Hill.
- 8. Santrock, J. W. (2011). Child Development (13th Ed.). New Delhi: McGraw Hill.
- 9. Santrock, J.W. (2012).Life Span Development (13th ed) New Delhi: McGraw Hill.

10.Srivastava, A.K. (1997). Child Development: An Indian Perspective. New Delhi.

- 11.Baron, R.A., Byrne, D. & Bhardwaj. G (2010). Social Psychology (12th Ed).New Delhi: Pearson
- 12. Myers, D.G. (2008). Social psychology New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 13.Chadha, N.K. (2012). Social Psychology. MacMillan: New Delhi
- 14. Kothari, C.R. 2019. 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. Research Methodology. New Age International Publications.