# Ph.D. Entrance Test Syllabus for Ph.D. in Law

## The PET (Ph.D. Entrance Test) for Ph.D. in Law consists of two parts:

- Part I: Research Methodology (50 marks) and
- Part II: Subject Specific (Related to the Law for 50 marks)

Total Marks for Ph.D. Entrance Test: 100 Marks

## **SYLLABUS**

PART I: Research Methodology (Paper I) (50 Marks)

Nature of Research - An Introduction:

- 1) What is Research?
- 2) Relevance of Legal Research?
  - Objective of Legal Research
  - Need for Legal Research and Importance of inter-disciplinary approach
  - Significance of Legal Research in India
  - Legal Research as a profession in India
- 3) Types of Research
  - Doctrinal or Traditional Research
  - Non-doctrinal or Empirical Research
  - Descriptive and Analytical Research
  - Applied and Fundamental Research
  - Qualitative and Quantitative Research
  - Law Reform Research

- Historical Research
- Sociological Research

### 4) Methods of Investigation and tools for collection of data

- 1) Primary Data method
  - Experimental and Participatory/ Scientific Method
  - Case Study Method
  - Survey Method
  - Discussion Method
  - Observation Method
  - Interview Method
  - Mail Survey Method
  - Questionnaire (Open ended and Close ended)
  - Pilot Study Method

## 5)Sampling

- (i) Advantages and Limitations of Sampling
- (ii) Theoretical basis of Sampling
- Probability and Non-probability Sampling
- (iii) Classifications of Sampling
- Simple Random Sampling
- Stratified Sampling
- Cluster Sampling
- Systematic Sampling
- Non-random Sampling
- Purposive Sampling

- Convenience Sampling
- Judgment Sampling

#### References

- 1. Michael P. Marder, Research Methods for Science, Cambridge University Press, 2011.
- 2. C. Radhakrishna Rao, Statistics and Truth, CSIR, 1989.
- 3. Day RA, How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press, London, 1992.
- 4. Latour, B. and Woolgar, Laboratory Life: The Construction of Scientific Facts, 2 nd Edition, Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1986
- 5. Mishra, R. P. Research Methodology: A Handbook. New Delhi. Concept Publishing Company, 1988.

Part II: Subject Specific Ph.D. in Law (50 Marks)

- 1. Constitutional Law
- Preamble
- Fundamental Rights and Duties
- Directive Principles of State Policy
- Judiciary. ? Executive
- Union State Legislative Relations
- Emergency Provisions
- Amendment to the Constitution of India
- Writ Jurisdiction

#### **Book Recommended:**

- 1. M.P. Jain, Indian Constitutional Law, Wadhwa & Co, Nagpur JIS University Dept. of Juridical Sciences 10
- 2. V.N. Shukla, Constitution of India, Eastern Book Company, Lucknow

- 3. Granville Austin, Indian Constitution-Cornerstone of a Nation, OUP, New Delhi
- 4. H.M. Seervai, Constitutional Law of India (in 3 Volumes), N.M. Tripathi, Bombay
- 5. G.C.V. Subba Rao, Indian Constitutional Law, S. Gogia & Co., Hyderabad

### 2. Jurisprudence

- Nature and Source of Law
- Positivism, Natural Law Theory, Sociological Jurisprudence
- Rights and Duties
- Concepts of Possession and Ownership
- Judicial Process and Social Transformation
- Judicial Activism
- Social Justice
- Empowerment of Women

#### **Book Recommended:**

- 1. Bodenheimer Jurisprudence—The Philosophy and Method of Law (1996), Universal, Delhi.
- 2. Fitzgerald, (ed.) Salmond on Jurisprudence (1999) Tripathi, Bombay
- 3. W. Friedmann, Legal Theory (1999) Universal, Delhi.
- 4. V.D. Mahajan, Jurisprudence and Legal Theory (1996 re-print), Eastern, Lucknow
- 5. M.D.A Freeman (ed.), Lloyd's Introduction t Jurisprudence, (1994), Sweet & Maxwell Paton G.W., Jurisprudence (1972) Oxford, ELBS
- 6. H.L.A. Hart, The Concepts of Law (1970) Oxford, ELBS
- 7. Roscoe Pond, Introduction to the Philosophy of Law (1998 Re-print) Universal, Delhi.
- 8. Dias, Jurisprudence (1994 First Indian re-print), Adithya Books, New Delhi.
- 9. Dhyani S.N., Jurisprudence: A study of Indian Legal Theory (1985), Metropolitan, New Delhi